

Chandrawat
& Partners

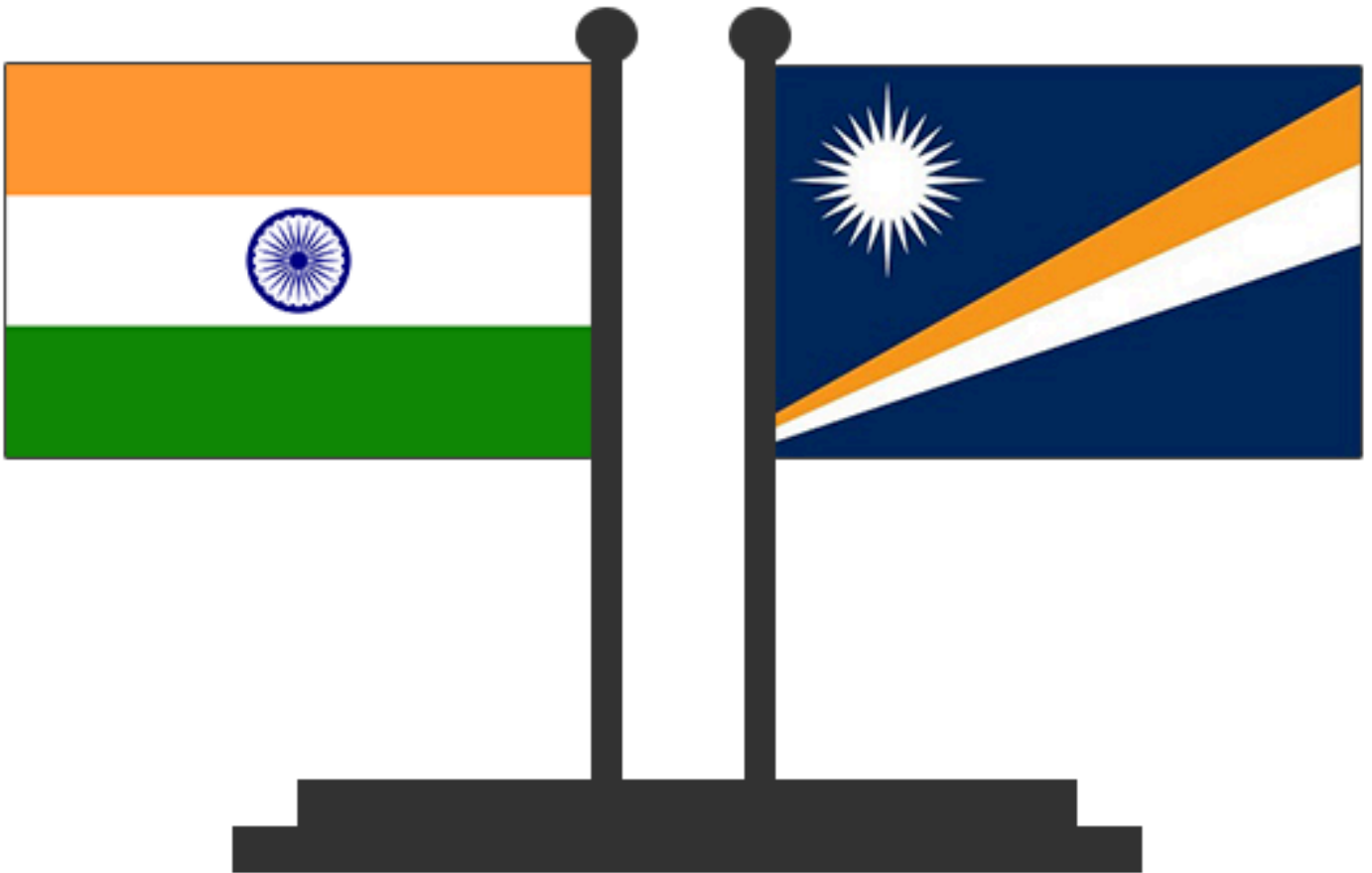


BILATERAL RELATIONS
**INDIA - MARSHALL
ISLANDS**

www.chandrawatpartners.co

INTRODUCTION

India-Marshall Islands relations are the bilateral relations between India and the Marshall Islands. The respective embassies of the two countries in Tokyo, Japan are concurrently accredited to each other. Marshall Islands maintains an Honorary Consulate in New Delhi.



HISTORY

Diplomatic relations between India and the Marshall Islands were established in April 1995. India was among the first countries to establish diplomatic ties with the Marshall Islands. The country is a member of the Pacific Islands Forum, of which India is an official dialogue partner. Bilateral relations received a boost following the initiation of the Forum for India–Pacific Islands Cooperation (FIPIC) by the Narendra Modi government in 2014. A Marshallese delegation including Foreign Minister Tony deBrum attended the first India-Forum for Pacific Islandz Countries (FIPIC) Summit hosted in Suva, Fiji on 19 November 2014 by Prime Minister Modi.

Marshall Islands voted for India's candidature for a Non-Permanent Seat on the UN Security Council for the year 2011-12, and also supported the G-4's resolution of reforming the UN Security Council.



HIGH LEVEL VISITS

Speaker of the Parliament Kessai Note and a parliamentary delegation visited India in the late 1990s. Then Ambassador of India to the Marshall Islands (resident in Manila) Amit Dasgupta led an Indian delegation to attend the Post Forum Dialogue Meetings Forum held in Majuro in September 2013. Dasgupta also held talks with the Marshallese Foreign Minister and Speaker of Parliament. Minister of Internal Affairs Wilbur Heine visited New Delhi in October 2013 to attend the South-South Cooperation for Child Rights in Asia and the Pacific, organised by the Indian Ministry of Women and Child Development. Minister for Public Works Hiroshi Yamamura and Tobolar Copra Processing Authority of RMI CEO Jemi Nasion visited Kochi in February 2015 to participate in the 51st Asia Pacific Coconut Community Session/Ministerial Meeting.

President Christopher Loeak led a Marshallese delegation to attend the 2nd FIPIC Summit held in Jaipur on 21 August 2015. At the summit, Loeak spoke about the upcoming UN Climate Change Conference and praised India's role in combating climate change. Loeak said, "No country is more central to success in Paris than India. With its booming economy, its technological ingenuity and its big appetite for clean energy, the world's biggest democracy is well poised for strong and visible leadership on climate change. Thankfully, there are few clean energy crusaders like Prime Minister Modi." He also held bilateral discussions with Prime Minister Modi on the sidelines of the summit. Loeak was the first Marshallese head of state to visit India. Speaker Kessai Note, who had visited India over a decade earlier, would go on to become the first commoner (rather than a traditional chief) to be elected to the Presidency after the visit.



MILITARY RELATIONS

INS Satpura visited Majuro on 13-15 August 2016 after participating in RIMPAC-16, and was the first Indian Navy ship to visit the country. The crew of the ship met with Marshallese police forces, and senior Government and military authorities, and also held sporting and cultural interactions.



HISTORY

Diplomatic relations between India and the Marshall Islands were established in April 1995. India was among the first countries to establish diplomatic ties with the Marshall Islands. The country is a member of the Pacific Islands Forum, of which India is an official dialogue partner. Bilateral relations received a boost following the initiation of the Forum for India–Pacific Islands Cooperation (FIPIC) by the Narendra Modi government in 2014. A Marshallese delegation including Foreign Minister Tony deBrum attended the first India-Forum for Pacific Islandz Countries (FIPIC) Summit hosted in Suva, Fiji on 19 November 2014 by Prime Minister Modi.

Marshall Islands voted for India's candidature for a Non-Permanent Seat on the UN Security Council for the year 2011-12, and also supported the G-4's resolution of reforming the UN Security Council.



TRADE RELATIONS

Bilateral trade between India and the Marshall Islands is constrained by the large distance between the two countries and the small size of the Marshallese economy. Trade between the two countries totaled US\$ 102.32 million in 2015-16, rising sharply from \$130,000 the previous fiscal. India exported \$101.91 million worth of goods to the Marshall Islands, and imported \$410,000. The main commodity traded between India and the Marshall Islands is mineral oil and its related products. Pharmaceuticals and drugs are also major Indian exports to the country.

At the 2nd FIPIC Summit, Prime Minister Modi announced that a FIPIC Trade Office would be opened at the FICCI premises in New Delhi. The trade office, named the FIPIC Business Accelerator, was officially opened on 7 September 2015. The Confederation of Indian Industries (CII) has also established a dedicated department at its headquarters in New Delhi focusing on boosting trade with Pacific Island Countries.

The two countries signed a tax information exchange agreement (TIEA) on 18 March 2016 in Majuro. The agreement went into effect from 21 May 2019.



CULTURAL RELATIONS

As of December 2016, around 8 families of Indian origin reside in the Marshall Islands. The community is primarily involved in the clothing, automobiles and solar power industries. One Indian works as a doctor at the Majuro Hospital.

There are some Marshallese nationals enrolled as students at various institutions in India such as the National Institute of Solar Energy in Gurgaon, APTECH, near Delhi, and Centre for Excellence in Telecom Technology & Management in Mumbai.



TRADE

The EU is India's largest trading partner with 12.5% of India's overall trade between 2015 and 2016, ahead of China (10.8%) and the United States (9.3%). India is the EU's 9th largest trading partner with 2.4% of the EU's overall trade. Bilateral trade (in both goods & services) reached €115 billion in 2017 EU exports to India have grown from €24.2 billion in 2006 to €45.7 billion in 2018. India's exports to the EU also grew steadily from €22.6 billion in 2006 to €45.82 billion in 2018, with the largest sectors being engineering goods, pharmaceuticals, gems and jewellery, other manufactured goods and chemicals. Trade in services has also tripled between 2005 and 2016, reaching €28.9 billion. India is among the few nations in the world that run a surplus in services trade with the EU. Investment stocks from Europe to India reached €51.2 billion in 2015.

As of 2021, EU is India's third largest trading partner, accounting for €88 billion worth of trade in goods or 10.8% of total Indian trade. France and Germany collectively represent the major part of EU-India trade.



FOREIGN AID

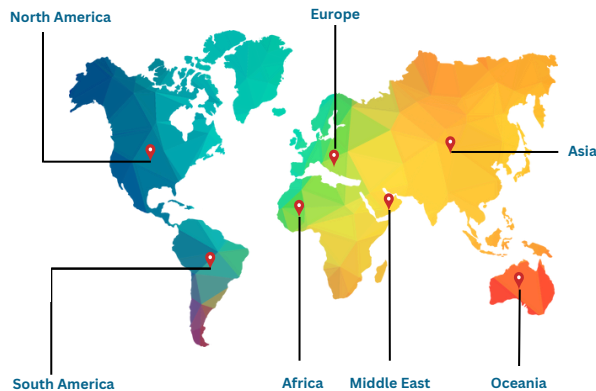
India provided \$242,500 to the Marshall Islands in 2005 for the procurement of solar panels and two way radio sets for the Outer Islands Health Centre, and \$100,000 in June 2008 to install solar powered streetlights in Majuro. At the request of the Marshallese Government, India donated two mini vans, and computers and communication equipment worth \$163,000 in 2013, and also donated a set of books on contemporary Indian literature to the College of the Marshall Islands library. This was the first collection of books on India in the College's library. Later that year, following a declaration of a state of emergency and drought by the Marshallese President, India donated \$100,000 towards disaster relief for a drought affecting the Marshall Islands. In September 2015, India donated a set of books on the functioning of the Indian Parliament to the Parliament of the Marshall Islands.

India announced that it would provide a grant-in-aid of US\$ 100,000 annually to each of the 14 Pacific Island countries, including the Marshall Islands, at the Post Forum Dialogue partner meeting in 2006. The amount was increased to US\$125,000 annually from 2009. At the first FIPIC Summit on 19 November 2014, Prime Minister Modi announced numerous steps that India would take to improve relations with Pacific Island countries, including the Marshall Islands, such as easing visa policies, increase in grant-in-aid to Pacific Island Countries to \$200,000 each annually, and several measures to boost bilateral trade and aid in the development of the Pacific Island countries.

Grant-in-aid of \$100,570 was provided in January 2015 to fund the Marshall Island's first National Export Strategy. India extended a special grant of \$150,000 in 2015-16 to help the Marshall Islands host the Annual Pacific Islands Leader's Summit in Majuro. India provided a grant of \$200,000 for an "Atoll Community Coral and Calm Project", and another grant of \$100,000 towards disaster relief and recovery on 18 March 2016.

Citizens of the Marshall Islands are eligible for scholarships under the Indian Technical and Economic Cooperation Programme and the Indian Council for Cultural Relations. Marshallese diplomats attended a special training course for diplomats from Pacific Island Countries organized by the Foreign Service Institute and held in Palau in May 2015.

SERVING CLIENTS WORLDWIDE



The information contained herein is of a general nature. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. The information is not offered as an advice on any matter, and no one should act or fail to act based on such information without appropriate legal advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation. The information does not make us responsible or liable for any errors and/or omissions, whether it is now or in the future. We do not assume any responsibility and/or liability for any consequences.

Key Contact



Surendra Singh Chandrawat

Managing Partner

✉ surendra@chandrawatpartners.com

Connect Surendra on

[LinkedIn](#)

[WhatsApp](#)

Chandrawat & Partners is a leading and rapidly growing full-service firm providing high quality professional and corporate services to foreign and local clients, representing companies and individuals in a wide range of sectors through separate entities established in various countries worldwide.

Copyright © 2025 | All rights reserved | Chandrawat & Partners | Email: enquiries@chandrawatpartners.com | Website: www.chandrawatpartners.com

Follow us on:

